Representation

Class 11

MCQs Questions with Answers

Question 1.

Which of the following statements about the reasons for conducting elections are false?

- (a) Elections enable people to judge the performance of the government
- (b) People select the representative of their choice in an election
- (c) Elections enable people to evaluate the performance of the judiciary
- (d) People can indicate which policies they prefer

Answer: (c) Elections enable people to evaluate the performance of the judiciary

Question 2.

In India who can vote under the concept of Universal Adult Franchise?

- (a) Minors can also vote
- (b) Only educated people can vote
- (c) Foreign nationals can also vote
- (d) Adults who have the nationality of India, have the right to vote irrespective of any caste, colour, creed, or gender

Answer: (d) Adults who have the nationality of India, have the right to vote irrespective of any caste, colour, creed, or gender

Question 3.

Which of these is not a good reason to say that Indian elections are democratic?

- (a) India has the largest number of voters in the world
- (b) India's Election Commission is very powerful
- (c) In India, everyone above the age of 18 has a right to vote
- (d) In India, the losing parties accept the electoral verdict

Answer: (a) India has the largest number of voters in the world

Question 4.

The country that follows FPTP electoral system is

- (a) Israel
- (b) the UK
- (c) the Netherlands
- (d) Argentina

Answer: (b) the UK

Question 5.

The authority that issues the notification for elections is:

- (a) Prime Minister
- (b) President
- (c) Governor
- (d) Chief Election Commissioner

Answer: (b) President

Question 6.

After the polling has finished, the votes are counted under the supervision of

- (a) Election Commission
- (b) Polling Officer
- (c) Returning Officers and Observers
- (d) Delimitation officer

Answer: (c) Returning Officers and Observers

Question 7.

The minimum age of voting was 21 years till

- (a) 1984
- (b) 1987
- (c) 1989
- (d) 1990

Answer: (c) 1989

Question 8.

Territorial representation means:

- (a) Geographical representation
- (b) Minority representation
- (c) Functional representation
- (d) Class representation

Answer: (a) Geographical representation

Question 9.

The electoral system, first past the post is also known as (a) Proportional representation

- (b) Direct election
- (c) Separate electorate
- (d) Plurality system

Answer: (d) Plurality system

Question 10.

Which one of the following arguments is against the Universal Adult Franchise?

- (a) It is democratic
- (b) It ensures political equality
- (c) It makes people politically awakened
- (d) It inculcates anti-nationalism

Answer: (d) It inculcates anti-nationalism

Question 11.

The minimum age limit for exercising the Right to Vote in India is:

- (a) 18 years
- (b) 25 years
- (c) 21 years
- (d) 20 years

Answer: (a) 18 years

Question 12.

The present composition of the Election Commission is a

- (a) As decided by President
- (b) One-member body

- (c) Two-member body
- (d) Three-member body

Answer: (d) Three-member body

Question 13.

When did the Election Commission of India get two more Election Commissioners?

- (a) 1987
- (b) 1989
- (c) 1990
- (d) 1993

Answer: (b) 1989